

School: SOASTAL	Level: Bacheloe	Invigilator's Sign:
Program: BBA-LLB	Year/Part: I/II	Superintendent's Sign:
Subject: Jurisprudence- II(BLAW 203)		Code No.

----- ✂ ----- ✂ ----- ✂ -----
Code No.

- i. *Answers should be given by filling the Multiple-Choice Questions' Answer Sheet.*
- ii. *The main answer sheet can be used for rough work.*

GROUP A (Multiple-Choice Questions)	[10x1=10]	Time: 20 Minutes
--	------------------	-------------------------

1. **Which of the following best represents the central idea of Natural Law School?**
 - A. Law is the command of the sovereign
 - B. Law is based on moral principles discoverable by reason**
 - C. Law is the will of the majority
 - D. Law is the product of economic relations
2. **Who is considered the chief proponent of the Analytical (Positivist) School?**
 - A. Roscoe Pound
 - B. H.L.A. Hart
 - C. John Austin**
 - D. Savigny
3. **According to Historical School, law develops through:**
 - A. Judicial creativity alone
 - B. Moral reasoning
 - C. Custom, tradition, and people's consciousness (Volksgeist)**
 - D. The command of the sovereign
4. **The Sociological School of Jurisprudence primarily views law as:**
 - A. A tool for maintaining social order**
 - B. A reflection of economic forces
 - C. A divine command
 - D. A command backed by sanctions
5. **"Law is a social engineering" is the famous statement of:**
 - A. Kelsen
 - B. Roscoe Pound**
 - C. Austin
 - D. Ihering
6. **Which school emphasizes that law is a means of balancing competing interests?**
 - A. Realist School
 - B. Sociological School**
 - C. Historical School
 - D. Natural Law School
7. **The Pure Theory of Law, which separates law from morality, is associated with:**
 - A. **Hans Kelsen**
 - B. Hart
 - C. Fuller
 - D. Bentham
8. **The Realist School focuses primarily on:**
 - A. What law ought to be
 - B. Judicial decisions and how judges actually behave**
 - C. Codified statutes
 - D. Natural rights
9. **Which jurist is associated with the "Living Law" concept, emphasizing that real law is found in social life rather than statutes?**
 - A. **Ehrlich**
 - B. Savign
 - C. Austin
 - D. Bentham
10. **Which of the following is NOT a core feature of Positivism?**
 - A. Law and morality are separate
 - B. Law derives authority from the sovereign
 - C. Law is based on immutable divine principles**

Multiple Choice Questions' Answer Sheet

Marks Secured: _____

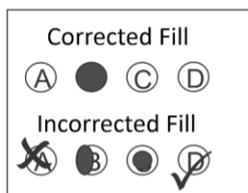
In Words: _____

Examiner's Sign: _____ Date: _____

Scrutinizer's Marks: _____

In Words: _____

Scrutinizer's Sign: _____ Date: _____



1. <input type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input type="radio"/> C <input type="radio"/> D	6. <input type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input type="radio"/> C <input type="radio"/> D
2. <input type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input type="radio"/> C <input type="radio"/> D	7. <input type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input type="radio"/> C <input type="radio"/> D
3. <input type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input type="radio"/> C <input type="radio"/> D	8. <input type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input type="radio"/> C <input type="radio"/> D
4. <input type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input type="radio"/> C <input type="radio"/> D	9. <input type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input type="radio"/> C <input type="radio"/> D
5. <input type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input type="radio"/> C <input type="radio"/> D	10. <input type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input type="radio"/> C <input type="radio"/> D

Manmohan Technical University
Office of the Controller of Examinations
Exam Year: 2082, Mangsir (Model Question)

School: SOASTAL	Level: Bachelor	Time: 3 Hours
Program: BBA-LLB	Year/Part: I/II	Full Marks: 50
Subject: Jurisprudence- II(BLAW 203)		

- ✓ *Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*
- ✓ *The figures in the margin indicate **Full Marks**.*
- ✓ *Assume suitable data if necessary.*

1. Attempt the following questions in short. [8*4=32]

1. What is the central premise of the Natural Law School? Discuss the philosophy of the Greek jurists.
2. Discuss the views of Austin and Bentham as propounded under the Analytical (Positivist) School of Jurisprudence.
3. What does Savigny mean by “*Volksgeist*”? Explain its relevance in the development of law.
4. State key features of the Sociological School.

Or

Who propounded the Pure Theory of Law? Discuss the major principles advanced under this theory.

5. What does the Realist School focus on in judicial decision-making? Why is it relevant in modern times? Support your answer with relevant case laws.
6. Define “law as social engineering.” Explain its relevance in contemporary society.
7. Which School emphasizes that law evolves gradually through customs? Explain the significance of custom in the modern legal system.
8. What is meant by social solidarity? Why is it important in understanding the role of law in society?

Or

Who coined the concept of “Living Law,” and what does it refer to?

Group C

Answer the following questions analytically in detail. [9*2=18]

1. Critically examine the evolution of the Natural Law School from classical Greek philosophy to modern human rights jurisprudence. Discuss the major thinkers, core principles, and the influence of natural law on constitutionalism, justice, and contemporary legal thought.
2. Explain the Realist School of Jurisprudence. Discuss the views of American and Scandinavian Realists regarding the nature of law. How does the Realist approach differ from traditional theories of law, particularly in its emphasis on judicial behavior and actual court practices?

Or

Discuss the Analytical School of Jurisprudence with special reference to the contributions of John Austin and H.L.A. Hart. Explain how this school distinguishes law from morality and evaluate its relevance Explain synthesis and analysis equation for CT periodic signal.

*** ALL The Best ***